

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of: ODA, Shinichi	)	Docket Number:
	)	Y05S011PCT-US
Serial No.: 10/535,113	)	
	)	
Filed: May 16, 2005	)	
	)	
International Application No. PCT/JP03/10122	)	Group art Unit: Unknown
	)	
FOR: <b>OSCILLATION DATA RECORDING WATER</b>	)	

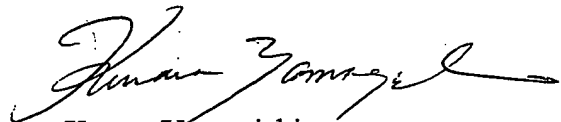
Commissioner for Patents  
Mail Stop PCT  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSLATION

I hereby certified that the English translation submitted herewith is an accurate translation of the Statement Under PCT Article 19(1) of the above stated patent application.

Date: November 30, 2005

Respectfully submitted,



Kurara Yamagishi  
Omori & Yaguchi USA, LLC  
Eight Penn Center, Suite 1901  
1628 John F. Kennedy Blvd.  
Philadelphia, PA 19103  
Phone No. (215) 701-6349

**Statement Under PCT Article 19(1)**

Claim 1 in the scope of its claims clarifies that the present invention is oscillation data recording water, which can store, without alteration for a long period of time, "oscillation data" that has been recorded.

The invention disclosed in the cited reference is obtained as follows:  
a sodium containing alkaline mixture solution being prepared by adding a chloride salt to an alkaline aqueous solution, leaving the aqueous solution still for a period of time; subsequently filtering the aqueous solution to separate impurities, then neutralizing the resulting filtered solution through hydrochloric acid; subsequently drying this neutralized solution for the salts to be crystallized, and lastly dissolving the obtained crystals with water in the ratio of  $10^5$  -  $10^{14}$  parts of water to one part of the crystals, to prepare a super diluted complex aqueous solution.

The present invention is a dilute solution containing sodium chloride and iron as in the cited reference. Therefore, in this regard, there is no difference.

However, the difference is in the production process. That is; repeating a predetermined number of times, a step of diluting a solution of Fe compound contacted water and sodium chloride mixed at a predetermined ratio, with purified water by a predetermined ratio, and a step of stirring the mixed diluted solution for a predetermined duration. By doing so, it achieves the effect of this invention: "oscillation data" once recorded can be preserved for a long period of time without alteration. Therefore it differs from the characteristics of the cited reference. That is, it does not have the effects of promoting growth and maintaining freshness of plants, preventing rust on metals, and improving combustion efficiency of fuels, as in the cited reference.

That is, according to the present invention, the oscillation data recording water is produced by mixing Fe compound contacted water, which is obtained by making minerals containing Fe compound contact with industrially produced purified water, and chemical salt by a predetermined ratio, and then repeating for a predetermined number of times, a step of diluting the Fe compound and chemical salt mixed solution with purified water by a

Application No. 10/535,113  
Inventor: Shinichi Oda  
Docket No. Y05S011-PCT-US

predetermined ratio and a step of stirring the mixed diluted solution for a predetermined duration. This enables the oscillation data recording water to easily and securely preserve the actual conditions of a live body at a specific time for a long duration, without causing the once recorded oscillation data to vary. The present invention thus makes it possible for the present invention to easily and inexpensively produce an extremely high-quality oscillation data recording water on industrial and mass-volume bases.